m) Material Development and Innovations;

n) HIV/AIDS preventive education & life skills;

o) Global forum on Learning Technology LERANTEC;

p) Cross Cutting Themes Adolescent girls education programme for poverty alleviation

q) ICT Education;

r) ASP NET;

s) UNESCO/UNITWIN Chairs Programme;

t) Technical and Vocational Education and Training;

u) Science and Secondary Education Programme;

v) Globalization and Higher Education Programme;

w) Cross Cutting Theme Programme and Activities and issues related to Poverty Alleviation; Quality Education and Monitoring and Evaluation of various aspects of education, Education as a Human right and Education for Vulnerable and Marginalized Groups.

First Generation Urban Reforms

*385. DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY:
SHRIMATI AMBIKA SONI:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether present Government's approach to reform in the urban infrastructure and services has been changed and the emphasis would not be on empowering the urban local bodies through implementation of the 74th Amendment of the Constitution instead of the earlier method of reforms;

(b) if so, what are the main changes Government have proposed;

(c) whether twenty-one States and three Union Territories have signed M.O.A. with the Centre to undertake first generation urban reforms;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) the steps taken to implement the same?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) There is no proposal to change the emphasis on empowering the Urban Local Bodies as required under the 74th Constitution (Amendment) Act.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Yes, Sir. Ministry of Urban Employment & Poverty Alleviation has entered into Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with 21 States and 3 Union Territories under Urban Reforms Incentive Fund (URIF).

(d) In the first phase during 2003-2004 the following reform areas have been identified under URIF:-

(1) Repeal of Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act.

(2) Rationalisation of Stamp Duty.

(3) Reform of Rent Control.

(4) Introduction of Computerised Process of Registration.

(5) Reform of Property Tax.

(6) Levy of Reasonable User Charges.

(7) Introduction of Double Entry System of Accounting in Urban Local Bodies.

States and Union Territories have entered into MOA either for all or some of the above mentioned reforms as mentioned in the enclosed Statement (See below).

(e) Responsibility of implementation of these reforms rests with the State Governments and Union Territory administrations. Incentive amount, under the scheme, is linked to the implementation of agreed reform programme.

Statement

States/UTs which have agreed to various reforms under Urban Reforms Incentive Funds

PHASE-I

SI. No.	Name of State/ UT	Repeal ofULC Act (10% wtg.)	Stamp duty reform (20% wtg.)	Rent control reform (20% wtg.) wtg.)	Compu-terised Regis-tration 10%	Property tax Re-forms (10% wtg.)	Levy of Reason-able User Charges (20% wtg.)	Double Entry System (10% wtg.)
1.	Tamil Nadu	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	Chhattisgarh	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	Tripura	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	Kamataka	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.	Maharashtra	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	Manipur	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	Kerala	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	Haryana	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10.	Chandigarh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	Andhra Pradesh	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	A&N Islands	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13.	West Bengal	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
14.	Orissa	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15.	Nagaland	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.	Delhi	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17.	Goa	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
18.	Arunachal Pradesh	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
19.	Gujarat	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
20.	Uttar Pradesh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
21.	Meghalaya	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
22.	Bihar	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
23.	Rajasthan	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
24.	Himachal Pradesh	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Total for agreed reforms	17	14	17	23	23	23	24